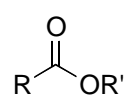
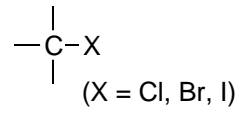
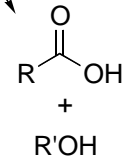


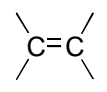
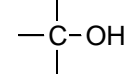
CHM 3210, 3211 Reactions for
Alcohol Synthesis
 L. Cabana, Summer 1997
 Numbers in parentheses are sections in Carey's 3rd ed.
Organic Chemistry



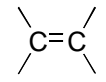
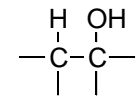
1) $\text{H}_2\text{O}, \text{HO}^-$,
 2) H_3O^+
 (20.10)



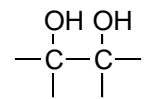
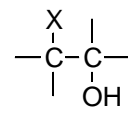
(8.4, 8.9) $\text{H}_2\text{O}, \text{HO}^-$



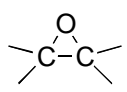
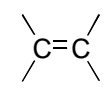
(6.10, 6.11) $\text{H}_2\text{O}, \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$
 Mark., mixed *syn-* & *anti-*-add.
 or
 1) BH_3
 2) HOOH, HO^-
 anti-Mark., *syn*-add.



(6.17) $\text{X}_2, \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 Mark. (OH), *anti*-add.
 X = Cl, Br

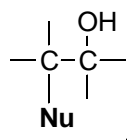


(15.5) $\text{OsO}_4, t\text{-BuOOH}, \text{HO}^-$
syn-add.



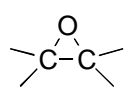
$\text{Nu}:, \text{H}^+$

(16.13)

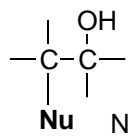


Nu: bonds to more subst'd C

$\text{Nu}: = \text{H}_2\text{O}, \text{ROH}, \text{RSH}, \text{NH}_3, \text{X}^-$

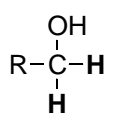
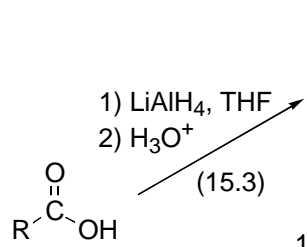


1) Nu^-
 2) H_3O^+
 (15.4, 16.12)

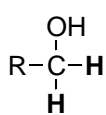
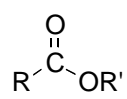


Nu^- bonds to less subst'd C

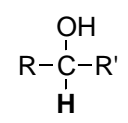
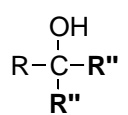
$\text{Nu}^- = \text{HO}^-, \text{RO}^-, \text{RS}^-, \text{NH}_3, \text{NC}^-$,
 "H" (LiAlH_4), "R" (RMgX, RLi , acetylide)



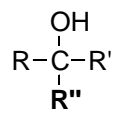
1) $\text{LiAlH}_4, \text{THF}$
 2) H_3O^+
 (15.3)



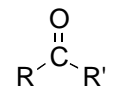
1) 2 $\text{R}''\text{M}, \text{Et}_2\text{O}$
 2) H_3O^+
 (14.10)



1) $\text{LiAlH}_4, \text{THF}$
 2) H_3O^+
 or
 $\text{NaBH}_4, \text{CH}_3\text{OH}$
 (15.2)



1) $\text{R}''\text{M}, \text{Et}_2\text{O}$
 2) H_3O^+
 (4.6-8)



for rxns on this page:

R, R' = H, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl

$\text{R}''\text{M} = \text{R}''\text{MgX}, \text{R}''\text{Li}$, (X = Cl, Br) or acetylide

$\text{R}'' = \text{alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl}$